



Australian Competition & Consumer Commission

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Dr Troy R Williams Chief Executive Officer Australian Dental Industry Association GPO Box 1 CANBERRA ACT 2601

Dear Dr Williams

## RE: Dental practitioners supply of teeth whitening products for patients' self-use at home

Thank you for your letter of 12 April 2013 regarding the legal obligations of registered dental practitioners when dispensing over-strength teeth whitening products as part of their professional practice.

I am aware that the recent revisions that took effect on 1 May 2013 created a new entry in Appendix C which prohibits the manufacture, supply, and use of teeth whitening preparations containing more than 18% carbamide peroxide and 6% hydrogen peroxide. I understand that in order to provide access to higher strength preparations for dentists, it was necessary that the prohibition created by the new Appendix C exempt teeth whitening preparations manufactured for and supplied solely by registered dental practitioners as part of their dental practice. However, I understand that the new prohibition entry and the accompanying confirmation that the current Scheduling of teeth whitening preparations in Schedules 5 and 6 of the Poisons Standard remained appropriate reflects a heightened concern in relation to teeth whiteners.

The position that the ACCC has in relation to DIY teeth whitening products containing concentrations of more than 6 per cent hydrogen peroxide or more than 18 per cent carbamide peroxide is that these products are inherently unsafe for selfadministered home use. As noted above, and explained in earlier correspondence this view is based on scientific assessments and injury data and is internationally consistent. The recent Scheduling decision does not alter the ACCC's stated position in our letter of 13 July 2012, as the available injury data and expert scientific opinion appears not to have changed since the initial recall actions of 2011-12 were taken.

Following the recent decision to amend the Poisons Standard the ACCC has met with officials from the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (AHPRA), the Dental Board of Australia (DBA) and the Office of Chemical Safety (OCS) which provides the Secretariat for Scheduling. It is our understanding that the final form of words used in the Appendix C entry was not based on an assessment of the safety of DIY teeth whiteners but rather, that the Delegate did not regard the Poisons Standard as the appropriate vehicle for regulating the practice of dentistry.

The regulation of dentistry and the registration of dentists is the responsibility of AHPRA and the DBA. Our recent meeting with officials from these agencies has confirmed that the current policy only permits registered dental practitioners with education, training and competence in teeth whitening/bleaching to **use** tooth whitening/bleaching products containing more than 6% concentration of the active whitening/bleaching agent. The ACCC understands that the word "use" in the policy is deliberate and should not be regarded as allowing the 'supply' of over-strength products by dentists for self-administered home use. We understand the DBA is reviewing its interim policy on teeth whitening with a view to making it a permanent policy. AHPRA further confirmed that its regulatory controls do not extend to protecting consumers who access DIY teeth whitening products for self-administered home use from any source.

As discussed at our 25 March 2013 meeting between the ACCC, ADIA, and Accord Australasia, the prescribing of medicines by registered medical practitioners is not analogous to dentists or pharmacists supplying teeth whiteners for DIY home use. Prescription medicines are therapeutic goods which are subject to regulatory controls administered by the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA). Teeth whiteners are specifically excluded from being therapeutic goods and are therefore not subject to the provisions of the Therapeutic Goods Act or oversight by the TGA. It is therefore appropriate that the ACCC ensure that consumers are protected from potentially hazardous consumer goods as intended by the Australian Consumer Law, which is administered by the ACCC.

I would like to emphasise that the position outlined above does not preclude DIY teeth whitening products being supplied directly to consumers at concentrations of up to 6% hydrogen peroxide or 18% carbamide peroxide, nor does it restrict the supply of teeth whitening chemicals, at any concentration, to registered dental practitioners for use on patients in their surgery.

Yours sincerely

Ruth Mackay General Manager Product Safety Branch